ANSWER

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Preliminary Counter Complaints and Claims

Renzello v. Nelson Case Number: 05-cv-00153

**Pages** 

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United States District Court for the US District of Vermont

Damian J. Renzello,

Plaintiff,

vs.

) ANSWER to Complaint with
) Preservation of Rights to
) Counter Complain per Orders of
) Judge John Garvan Murtha

Case No.: No. 1:05-cv-153

Michael Nelson,

Defendant

# <u>ANSWER</u>

# to Complaint with Preservation of Rights to Counter Complain per verbal Orders of Judge John Garvan Murtha during Pre-Trial Conference on 27 February 2007, in Brattleboro, Vermont, USA

NOW HERE COMES, Defendant, Michael Nelson, PRO-SE, via

SPECIAL APPEARANCE providing the following preliminary ANSWER to
the Court and the Plaintiff, and preliminary Counter Complaints
and Claims per Court Orders. Pursuant with ORDERS of the
presiding Jurist in this above herein captioned matter, US
District Court Judge John Garvan Murtha, the Defendant Michael
Nelson, does hereby file this ANSWER, with preliminary counter

complaints and claims, however, herein so notes for the record preservation to file detailed Counter Complaints and Claims per rights, which Judge John Garvan Murtha has stated via verbal ORDER of the Court that the Defendant, Michael Nelson, may file Counter Complaints and Claims if this above herein entitled action is NOT settled via COURT ORDERED mediation with the US Federal Magistrate of the US District of Vermont.

The Defendant requests all in receipt including PRESIDING
JURIST JOHN GARVAN MURTHA utilize the long practiced method of
FUNCTIONAL Interpretation in the reading of this answer which
has been requested to be so hastily prepared without opportunity
to re-file the answer and counter complaints and claims
previously received per the USPS Inspector Generals Office.

It is so noted herein below and throughout the legal maxims, such as this one as it relates to the commonly recognized methods of approach by Judicial Officers in the examination of the law and the speedy "disposal" of cases:

Functional. Also called structural. Decision based on analysis of the structures the law constituted and how they are apparently intended to function as a coherent, harmonious system. The Latin maxim is Nemo aliquam partem recte intelligere potest antequam totum perlegit. No one can properly understand a part until he has read the whole. 3 Coke Rep. 59. It is requested one reads the WHOLE ANSWER and preliminary Counter

Complaints before they attempt to understand an individual part thereof.

This Answer, has been prepared from "scratch" to speak colloquially, as the US District of Vermont claims to have neither received the "preliminary answer" nor the Full Answer and Counter Complaints and Claims.

The Defendant does so herein note that Judge John Garvan Murtha ordered the Answer be filed by the end of March 2007 and simultaneously ordered mediation be conducted within 60 days, and a ENE statement filed, Defendant did make known to the Court scheduling conflicts and total in availability during the last couple of weeks of April. Defendant has in the interests of all parties and in attempts to lessen court costs to all including the Federal Government, worked day and night to create this NEW Answer, and now preliminary counter complaints and claims as the belief of the Defendant was there would be "NO WRITTEN ORDER" and then there were apparently TWO (2) Written Order like docket entries to the case, see attached Exhibits annexed hereto ExA&B.

EACH and Every Page is packed with important Answers to the Complaint, Evidence, case law citations, legal maxims, other legal references and various points to be proven during Trial by Jury, as the Declaration of Preservation of Rights of the Defendant pursuant with the Seventh Amendment to the US Constitution and what is believed rights under Article III, Section II of the United States Constitution are herein made.

To not read every word contained herein in it's entirety means one including the Presiding Jurist may miss critical information, including without limitation those NOTIFICATIONS regarding sensitive information which the Court must decide whether is protected under TITLE 50 of US Code. Especially that information which could be deemed protected under Chapter 15 of the aforementioned US Code Title 50.

Additionally other information contained herein pertains to additional litigations which appear to be growing out of this frivolous litigation. The attached Exhibits and annexed hereto documents place extreme legal onus upon the presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha with regards to the Rules of Professional Conduct of various Attorneys and others members of the Bar Associations of the State of Vermont and the Federal Bar including without limitation Attorneys: John Lyon and David Seth Putter.

Additional information is in reference to United States

Postal Regulations and investigations as well as criminal investigations and grand juries; each of the Exhibits are expounded upon herein at the end and forward and backwards referenced, the expounded upon exhibits at the end hereof make additional points of law and fact which will and must be examined by the court, the Defendant in the interests of JUSTICE even MINIMAL JUSTICE as the Defendant continually so demands despite the fact the US Supreme Court demands SUBSTANTIAL

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JUSTICE in matters is being so sought by the Defendant and in the furtherance of standards of minimal justice and to reduce costs to the parties the Defendant has so herein outlined the Exhibits which are referenced herein and are so attached / annexed hereto and incorporated herein for reference these Exhibits are of importance to these documents and certainly to the trial by jury pursuant with 7<sup>th</sup> Amendment rights which is to follow. The Exhibits are listed stating the page numbers and a BRIEF explanation of the Exhibit for ease in reference.

Information and pleadings contained herein this Answer which could potentially pertain to sensitive information is NOT information gained, learned or otherwise divulged to the Defendant while the Defendant's Security Clearances were active; nor at anytime while temporary Security Clearances have been issued by DoD (Department of Defense), the US Army, US Airforce, other service branch of the United States Government or any agency or COUNCIL in possession of sensitive Federal Government information and the authority to issue said clearances. information contained therein which may form a defense and is certainly critical to a defense to certain publications made of defamatory nature against the Defendant and submitted to the Court on the Public Record MUST be allowed in form approved by appropriate Federal Authorities and so ORDERED by presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha pursuant with his "close control" of these legal proceedings as Judge John Garvan Murtha stated at

the hearing / conference on 27 Feburary 2007, that he has personally been closely monitoring this above herein referenced litigation since it's inception and will maintain close control thereof.

Additionally no information contained herein was learned or garnished from any of the Defendant's work in the "Nevada Desert"...the Defendant so herein states information which may be viewed as sensitive has been either temporarily redacted via directed removal or "adapted" and information on the public record from other news-reports has been placed therein, this information as it relates to those individuals appointed by various either former or currently sitting Presidents of these the United States of America, are referenced by title, rank, position only and not directly by name, although upon TRIAL by JURY the names thereof must be entered to this record and subpoenas so issued to bring forth the TRUTH as it is the duty of the Court to seek the Truth if this honorable court so believes this case should continue given the Answer set forth herein above and below.

Defendant herein notes for the record that the misshandling of mail pre-paid and placed with the United States

Postal Service for Delivery to the United States District of

Vermont in Burlington and in some cases to Brattleboro as well
has been severely miss-managed and handled, in violation of the
law. As a result the Defendant has personally made formal

complaint to United States Postal Service DHQ covering both Rhode Island and Vermont regarding this "missing" mail and missmanagement and miss-handling of mail. Additionally formal investigations have been underway and new complaints filed with the assistance of Federal Officers, agents and lawyers. The Court should take specific notation and advisement of Exhibits, annexed hereto for reference a "missing" and un-docketed filing which was ABSOLUTELY received by the Court according to the United States Postal Inspector Generals office.

These documents were placed in the United States Postal Services care for delivery, however, it still has yet to be docketed to the court record and is now attached hereto as Exhibits, as is referenced herein above and will be referenced herein below.

The Defendant so herein notes that numerous legal filings duly made to the court pursuant with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (FRCP) and made in accordance with the Local Rules of the Court have been illegally and unfairly denied by the prejudicial court in these proceedings as one such example the Defendant draws the Court's attention to Local Rule 5.2(a), wherein the Defendant did as the rule suggests: "Parties or counsel wishing to confirm that no financial conflict-of-interest exists in cases as assigned may obtain a copy of the Court's recusal list upon written request to the Clerk of Court", see L.R. 5.2(a) found on page 4 of the "United States"

District Court District of Vermont Local Rules of Procedure" dated June 1, 2006; upon non-answer of the Clerk of the Court, Richard Paul Wasko (whom other charges of misconduct have been duly and appropriately filed against) the Defendant did so make formal MOTION for the production thereof pursuant with the Local Rules and under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure (FRCP), see filing of the Defendant in Document/Paper Number 43, which was subsequently denied in violation of FRCP and L.R.

The Defendant further herein notes for the Record that the Defendant is STILL WITHOUT a copy of "VRFP" as "VRFP" is made as reference in numerous filings and the Defendant has duly and appropriately made PLEADING and MOTION to be provided with an explanation and documentation as it relates to this UNFOUNDED set of Rules as many times quoted by the Plaintiff (Damian J. Renzello) in this matter. See the filing of the Defendant in Paper 79, duly and appropriately requesting the court to produce "VRFP", whatever those are.

Defendant further notes that the Plaintiff has not made filing of memorandum pursuant with Local Rules of the Court and FRCP under L.R. 5.2(b), as the docket so reflects the Defendant has so herein complied with L.R. 5.2(b), in his filing of Paper 66, the failure of the Plaintiff, Damian J. Renzello to make filing per L.R. 5.2b is further evidence of failures of the Plaintiff to abide by the rules of this Court, and the PRO SE Defendant having no legal training of any kind apart from that

in HIGH SCHOOL has so herein made the appropriate filings as the docket report so indicates of compliance with L.R. 5.2(b), see page B-7, of EXHIBIT B, and further references page 6 of 16 of the docket as found in EXHIBIT B annexed and attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference backwards and forwards throughout.

The Defendant does herein provide this introduction to the Answer and does so backwards reference these pages via page number only throughout this answer. The Defendant has on the 27th of Feburary 2007, paid the sum of \$180 (one-hundred-and-eighty) US Dollars to the Court Reporter, ANN Marie Coughlin, see Exhibit C annexed hereto and attached herewith and incorporated herein; for a copy of the transcript of the hearing held on the same date, a receipt is attached herewith as an Exhibit C. The Defendant is tremendously concerned and has raised concerns to the Court Reporter that the Transcript from the March 2006, hearing is missing several parts of testimony as will be proffered by witnesses in the Court Room if necessary.

Specifically the Court Transcript is missing Testimony from Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello has it references the Harley Davidson Motorcycle Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello admitted on the witness stand to having purchased, this substantial negotiable assets believed worth in excess of TWENTY THOUSAND US DOLLARS, has yet to be formally recognized by the Court, although detailed evidence via positive and negative and absolute proof

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has been submitted to the Court via numerous pleadings and many pleadings not yet docketed and some which have been ALTERED by the Court, court Alterations to the docket and filings are referenced and expounded upon herein the this preliminary answer.

## JURISDICTION:

Defendant repeats and reavers all prior filed motions, whether docketed or not docketed, however, does so repeat original documents as filed prior to COURT ALTERATIONS to the docket as is evidenced by digital thumb prints within the PACER system. Defendant further NOTES for the record in formal OBJECTION to Jurisdiction in this matter, that appeals taken to the Second Circuit Court of Appeals, regarding rulings on motions regarding Jurisdiction and other properly filed appeals were in the words of presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha "disposed of" by the Second Circuit Court of Appeals. However, the MANDATE by the Court of Appeals in their dismissal of the Appeals, was structured and worded: "This Court has determined sua sponte that it lacks jurisdiction over these appeals because a final order has not been issued by the district court as contemplated by 28 U.S.C." This MANDATE was issued without Oral Arguments as requested by the Defendant pursuant with rights under the Law and the Rules of the Second Circuit Court of Appeals. This Mandate was NOT directed dismissal of the merits

of the appeals but rather a denial of jurisdiction over the appeals at this time, therefore, the defendant does so herein state full objection to jurisdiction and awaits the proper time if necessary to file formal appeal, once "final order has been issued", if necessary.

Furthermore, the Court of Appeals decided that "District court orders denying motions to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction or improper venue are not appeal able under the collateral order doctrine." However, defendant will file formal appeal upon these grounds as stated in those appeals, when and if necessary after "final order" from the current litigation and the counter complaints (being currently filed per WRITTEN Order of Judge John Garvan Murtha, on 27 Feb. 2007, however with all rights intact and thereto for filing of Counter Complaints and Claims if this action is NOT settled via Court Ordered Mediation with the Federal Magistrate of the US District of Vermont per the Verbal Orders to amend thereto and file in full the Counter Complaints and Claims).

Additionally the Second Circuit Court of Appeals stated:
"denial of a recusal motion is not an appeal able interlocutory
order", while this may not be an appealable interlocutory order
under and interlocutory appeal, the Defendant will again if
necessary file for formal appeal including the appeals regarding
Recusal of presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha, together with
new evidence requiring such, including without limitation Judge

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John Garvan Murtha's response to the Defendant as noted in the docket when the Defendant, Michael Nelson, presenting himself before a US Federal Court in the US District of Vermont did so respectfully request "DUE PROCESS OF LAW", Judge John Garvan Murtha responded, as the voice of the US District of Vermont: "Court: I don't know what you are talking about." See Page 64, of the Transcript entitled "Testimony at Motions Hearing", prepared by Anne Marie Coughlin, RPR, Official Court Reporter. Certainly a US Federal District Judge, has at least heard of DUE PROCESS OF LAW? Blacks Law Dictionary defines Due Process of Law in tremendous detail including this statement at the end of a paragraph towards the end of the definition: "Aside from all else, 'due process' means fundamental fairness and substantial justice." The Defendant has only asked for MINIMAL JUSTICE although the law requires SUBSTANTIAL JUSTICE as noted by the United States Supreme Court in Levine vs. United States (1960) and further noted Justice must satisfy the appearance of Justice where the US Supreme Court noted and cited Offutt vs. United States (1954).

The Defendant requested a "writ of mandamus" for the records of a court "inferior" to the US District of Vermont, the wording "inferior", herein used is used via the language referencing such a writ as requested, such a writ is used to procure information for a lower court or a subordinate court, wherein the Superior Court of the County of Washington of the

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State of Vermont, is certainly within the Jurisdiction of the US District of Vermont, such a writ as suggested by Chambers of an Associate Justice with the United States Supreme Court was a proper, respectful and appropriate request, Judge John Garvan Murtha presiding Jurist at the hearing speaking on behalf of the COURT, and thus the United States Judiciary stated: "I have no idea what you are talking about." However the US Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit directly referenced said writ of mandamus in it's Mandate. Further Defendant herein respectfully preserves his rights, constitutionally and otherwise including without limitation Article III, Section II rights and Seventh Amendment Rights and rights to seek a "Writ of Prohibition", if the US District of Vermont continues to: "exceeds its jurisdiction or authorized power in such a manner as to implicate the legality of the entire proceeding", quoting Davis v. Lansing, 851 F.2d 72, 75 (2d Cir. 1988), this will include without limitation refusal to docket or accept declarations preserving CONSTITUTIONALLY PROTECTED RIGHTS, rights to DUE PROCESS of LAW, ALTERING of Documents Submitted to the Court etc.

Clear Objection is made to Jurisdiction on multiple grounds and additionally the Defendant does so herein repeat and reaver the current guiding ORDER of the Court listed as Paper 110, ORDERED by Presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha, which effectively dismisses numerous "complaints" of the Plaintiff,

including without limitation those actions taken pursuant to:

18 USC 875; 17 USC 501; 17 USC 1301; and additionally raises serious questions as to complaint made under 15 USC 1125(d).

Therefore the complaint is severely weakened to the point it may not be suitable for litigation on any merits in any jurisdiction.

All other objections, defenses, and claims pursuant with previously, lawfully and dutifully filed motions and appeals are herein forever preserved including without limitation FRCP 12b, Title 28 USC Section 1400 and other objections contained therein all the aforementioned filings and appeals.

### **PARTIES**

Consists of two (2) paragraphs towhich have been numbered: 1 and 2 respectively by hand see the complaint attached herewith as Exhibit.

- Paragraph 1, consists of statements as to which no response is required, and otherwise deny, and so state Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello's travel habits indicate the statement may be untruthful and perjures.
- 2. DENY. Plaintiff Renzello has been aware of

  Defendant Nelson's EXACT WHEREABOUTS. Defendant

  intends to call as witness David Seth Putter, who

  communicated to Defendant that Mr. Renzello's

unwelcomed visit at Defendant's home in Las Vegas was Renzello's RIGHT to inquire as to the lifestyle of which the Defendant AND HIS FAMILY were living. Further, Plaintiff's erroneous statement is made in attempts to prejudice this Court and create unfair bias against the Defendant before the Defendant has had time to Answer the Complaint or Counter Complaints.

Defendant herein notes for the record that Counter

Complaints and Claims which have already been received by the

Court, however, the Court CLAIMS not to have received, did list

a number of third party defendants and a number of others cross

complained of with overwhelming grounds.

However, presiding Jurist John Garvan Murtha has ordered that the Defendant, Michael Nelson, may NOT include others in this lawsuit, effectively barring the rights of the Defendant and further implicating a direct usurpation of the rights of the Defendant under the Constitution of these the United States of America. Additionally Judge John Garvan Murtha made what was taken as threatening remarks regarding the filing of new litigation which appear to be again directed at the Defendant to discourage protection of the Defendant's rights as afforded the Defendant under Congressional Acts as they relate to the USPTO presided over by Commissioner Dudas, and appear to go directly

against the United States Constitution, US Law and certainly fundamental rights of US Citizens, see page 53 of the Transcript of Testimony prepared by the Court Reporter and referenced herein above from the March 2006, Evidentiary hearing in this cause (litigation).

# PREVIOUS LAWSUITS:

The Defendant is unaware of previous lawsuits involving just the Plaitniff and the Defendant. Defendant submits that Plaintiff may now be engaged in other litigation, which is tangentially similar and could be moved for inclusion.

Additionally Defendant repeats and reavers all aforementioned and previously plead pleadings and hearings regarding Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello's pattern of alleged theft of companies, investments, stock, trading on the names of others including THE STATE OF VERMONT, see Exhibits, referencing action taken against Damian J. Renzello by the State of Vermont for attempting to use the State of Vermont's name, and shield to FOOL / TRICK and otherwise deceive the purchasing public.

### FACTS:

The next section of the Complaint lists in paragraph form a number of averments which are alleged as "FACTS" by the Plaintiff. The Defendant has again numbered each paragraph by hand to allow for easier reference by the Court and the

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Plaintiff regarding response thereto. Again as is stated herein above under the section Parties, the Complaint with the handwritten numbering as is referenced herein above and below is annexed (attached hereto) for reference as Exhibit AA:

 Paragraph 1 consists of statements NOT based in Fact. Plaintiff AND Defendant BOTH had been engaged TOGETHER, as "best friends" and PARTNERS in the manufacture and sale of portable ice skating rinks and accessories. Additionally the GENERIC brand "Porta Rinx" is NOT exclusively the Plaintiffs, and as testified to by the Plaintiff during the March 2006, hearing and as is stated on the website: www.portarinxandbambini.com the claim made is Porta Rinx is a trademark of Damian J. Products, which the Defendant intends to provide evidence via individual testimony of witnesses, Officers of the Court (Bar Licensed Attorneys in Vermont), a sitting Superior Court Judge of the State of Vermont, Clerks of the Court, businessmen in the local Central Vermont Community and the Plaintiff's own hand via Court Records and Documents that the Defendant Michael Nelson is a shareholder and member of the Company Damian J. Products; and further that the mark(s) are NOT worthy of any protection as contemplated under the law and that the United States government should not recognize them

as such and the US government should not open itself to international action in WTO or WIPO for recognizing.

- 2. Paragraph 2 consists of FALSE and inaccurate statements. Plaintiff is CO-inventor AT BEST. Plaintiff was certainly not marketer. Plaintiff came to know Defendant in 1995! Prior to rink creation. Defendant was at no time since creation of Damian J. Products or Porta-Rinx Commercial LLC OR Porta-Rinx Residential LLC, only a representative but also a shareholder of each of the above herein referenced legally organized legal entities. Defendant otherwise denies allegations of the Plaintiff.
- 3. Paragraph 3, is FALSE and inaccurate. BOTH Plaintiff and Defendant own the "innovative and distinctive" GENERIC concept of a PortaRinx (PortaRinx is a GENERIC branding of a Portable Rinx), like Xerox Copies, or Scotch Tape, or PortaJohn (Porta = Portable); (Rinx = Ice Rink), see trademarks with TESS at the USPTO, as previously plead in the pleadings of the case and submissions to the Court after the March 2006, Evidentiary hearing.

ADDITIONALLY AND OF EXTREME IMPORTANCE is the FACT that much of the "fall-out" of the PARTNERSHIP has been as a result of the FACT the GENERIC Porta-Rinx the Plaintiff and Defendant

where in manufacture and sale of has a number of overly infringing qualities to an EXISTING PATNET, originally applied for according to TESS with the USPTO, on March 5, 1997; with a granted US PATENT of 25 October 2005. When the Defendant discovered this patent he brought it to the attention of his business partner and "best friend" the Plaintiff, an argument then commenced, this lawsuit and all arguments thereafter appear to be as a result of this initial argument. Please see Patent Number: 6,957,546.

- 4. Paragraph 4, DENY. It was NOT the Plaintiff's design to assign.
- 5. Paragraph 5, DENY. The date cited is incorrect. The Plaintiff and Defendant made an agreement as to the operation of the Company with respect to splitting up the tasks needed to be performed. Basically Plaintiff was to simply handle "manufacture", ordering and DROP shipping the parts, to customers and the Defendant would handle sales and marketing. Otherwise deny.
- 6. Paragraph 6, DENY in its ENTIRETY. Exhibit A of complaint is fabricated date! Additionally original copy was produced by Defendant and copyrighted. Counter Claim asserted. Otherwise DENY.
- 7. Paragraph 7, DENY. Statements by Plaintiff are Hearsay, or rather simply attempts at re-writing history.

- Exhibit B, of the complaint was not received by Defendant except in complaint. Otherwise Deny.
- 8. Paragraph 8, DENY. Exhibit C, to the complaint is
  FABRICATED. Third party evidence under rules of
  evidence will be submitted to prove email headers are
  incorrect. Defendant MUST have subpoenas for specific
  computer information to supply the Court with proving
  this FABRICATION. Special rules of evidence MUST apply
  to Electronic Mail as have been adopted by the Federal
  Courts. Otherwise DENY.
- 9. Paragraph 9, DENY. NOT TRUE. Defendant AND PLAINTIFF
  OWNED domain names. Exhibits annexed hereto and
  incorporated herein demonstrates that the Court did
  receive documents from Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello and
  then ALTERED the Docket removing the documents, one of
  the exhibits to the documents PROVE two things, first
  anyone can place a FROM email address in the From spot
  on an email and Secondly and MORE importantly ONLY the
  Plaintiff Damian J. Renzello controlled the email
  address: <a href="mailto:vtbambini@aol.com">vtbambini@aol.com</a> and HE (RENZELLO) alone had
  control to renew all the domain names, for the JOINTLY
  held company, and Renzello ALLOWED all the Domains to
  Expire on 30 June 2006! Additionally Renzello has
  demonstrated bad-faith and frivolous action / litigation

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in NOT renewing or otherwise registering the domains which he is attempting to complain herein his complaint.

These statements have caused real and actual lifelong damages to the Defendant, which will be counter-complained of and therefore sued upon in the counter complaint when authorized by the COURT to file, if necessary. DEFENDANT DENIES these charges and will seek compensation for damages under counter-claims when authorized to file by the court if necessary.

Paragraph 10, DENY. There HAS NEVER been 10. cybersquatting by the Defendant! The Domain www.DamianJ.com was jointly held by Plaintiff and Defendant. The Domain was to refer to the JOINTLY HELD company Damian J. Products and further the domain has NO acquired distinctiveness and certainly NOT any meaning in the marketplace prior to registration. The defendant if at anytime listed as the registrant had as recognized by the courts a reasonable belief to believe the registration was lawful or otherwise correct as noted by the court in it's opinion and order. Additionally per ORDER of the Court in Paper 110, "...courts have generally held that personal names are not inherently distinctive. See e.g. Abraham Zion Corp. v. Lebow, 761 F.2d 93, 104 (2d Cir. 1985) Certainly the name DamianJ has NOT "become sysnonymous in the mind of the public . . . as a word identifying" anything!